FEATURED ARTICLE

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# Multiple jobholding in states in 2014

Multiple-jobholding rates at the state and regional levels vary considerably from the national average.

In 2014, the multiple-jobholding rate<sup>1</sup> (the percentage of individuals who hold more than one job) in individual states varied considerably from the national average of 4.9 percent, a rate that has been unchanged since 2010. (See figure 1 and table 1.) In all, 22 states had multiple-jobholding rates significantly higher than the national average, 11 states had significantly lower rates, and 17 states and the District of Columbia had rates that were not significantly different from the U.S. average.

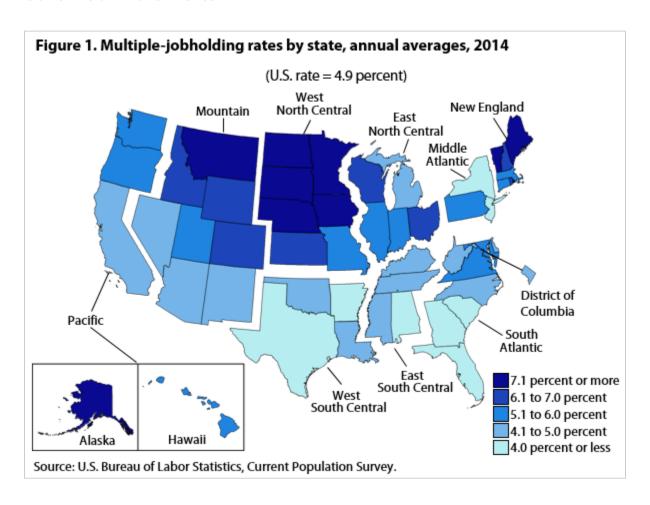


Table 1. Multiple jobholders as a percentage of total employment, by state, annual averages, 2013 and 2014

U.S. Census region and division	2013 rate	2014		
		Rate	Error at 90-percent confidence level	Significantly different from the U.S. rate
United States	4.9	4.9	±0.1	_
Northeast region	4.8	5.0	±0.3	_
New England division	6.0	6.2	±0.5	higher
Connecticut	5.6	5.9	±0.8	higher
Maine	8.6	8.0	±1.0	higher
Massachusetts	5.4	5.6	±0.9	_
New Hampshire	5.9	6.8	±0.7	higher
Rhode Island	5.7	6.4	±0.8	higher
Vermont	8.8	8.5	±1.0	higher
Middle Atlantic division	4.3	4.5	±0.3	lower
New Jersey	4.3	4.0	±0.6	lower
New York	3.9	4.0	±0.5	lower
Pennsylvania	5.0	5.6	±0.5	higher
South region	4.3	4.2	±0.2	lower

U.S. Census region and division	2013	2014			
	rate	Rate	Error at 90-percent confidence level	Significantly different from the U.S. rate	
South Atlantic division	4.3	4.2	±0.3	lower	
Delaware	4.4	4.1	±0.7	lower	
District of Columbia	4.7	4.3	±0.6	_	
Florida	3.4	3.3	±0.4	lower	
Georgia	3.5	3.8	±0.6	lower	
Maryland	6.1	5.6	±0.7	higher	
North Carolina	4.9	4.6	±0.7	_	
South Carolina	4.3	3.7	±0.7	lower	
Virginia	5.2	5.5	±0.8	_	
West Virginia	4.9	4.8	±1.2	_	
East South Central division	4.5	4.3	±0.5	lower	
Alabama	3.7	3.9	±1.0	lower	
Kentucky	5.3	4.8	±1.1	_	
Mississippi	4.3	4.2	±1.1	_	
Tennessee	4.5	4.4	±0.9	_	
West South Central division	4.1	4.0	±0.4	lower	
Arkansas	4.0	3.6	±0.8	lower	
Louisiana	4.9	4.3	±0.9	_	
Oklahoma	4.1	4.5	±0.9	_	
Texas	3.9	3.9	±0.4	lower	
Midwest region	6.0	6.1	±0.3	higher	
East North Central division	5.2	5.6	±0.3	higher	
Illinois	4.8	5.3	±0.6		
Indiana	4.7	5.6	±0.9	_	
Michigan	4.7	4.5	±0.7	_	
Ohio	5.8	6.2	±0.8	higher	
Wisconsin	6.3	6.7	±1.0	higher	
West North Central division	7.5	7.2	±0.4	higher	
lowa	7.6	8.2	±1.0	higher	
Kansas	7.5	6.6	±0.9	higher	
Minnesota	8.0	7.7	±0.9	higher	
Missouri	6.5	5.9	±1.0	higher	
Nebraska	7.9	8.4	±0.9	higher	
North Dakota	7.9	7.5	±1.2	higher	
South Dakota	8.9	8.7	±1.1	higher	

U.S. Census region and division	2013 rate	2014			
		Rate	Error at 90-percent confidence level	Significantly different from the U.S. rate	
West region	4.8	4.8	±0.2	_	
Mountain division	5.4	5.4	±0.4	higher	
Arizona	4.9	4.2	±0.9	_	
Colorado	6.2	6.3	±1.0	higher	
Idaho	6.1	6.9	±1.2	higher	
Montana	6.9	7.8	±1.3	higher	
Nevada	4.2	4.1	±0.8	lower	
New Mexico	4.1	4.9	±1.1	_	
Utah	6.0	5.7	±1.0	_	
Wyoming	6.6	6.3	±1.1	higher	
Pacific division	4.6	4.5	±0.2	lower	
Alaska	6.7	7.4	±1.5	higher	
California	4.1	4.1	±0.3	lower	
Hawaii	5.8	6.0	±0.8	higher	
Oregon	6.2	5.7	±0.9	_	
Washington	5.9	5.1	±0.7	_	

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey.

Multiple-jobholding rates tended to vary by region. As in past years, northern states generally had higher rates than southern states. All states in the West North Central Census division and all but one of the states in the New England division had multiple-jobholding rates significantly higher than the U.S. average. Seven of the eleven states with multiple-jobholding rates significantly below the national average were located in the South region.<sup>2</sup>

Most of the states with high multiple-jobholding rates in 2014 have had consistently high rates since estimates first became available in 1994. South Dakota recorded the highest multiple-jobholding rate of any state, 8.7 percent. Vermont and Nebraska followed with rates of 8.5 percent and 8.4 percent, respectively. Six other states had multiple-jobholding rates above 7.0 percent.

Florida had the lowest multiple-jobholding rate of any state in 2014, 3.3 percent. Five other states recorded rates below 4.0 percent. New Hampshire had the only statistically significant change in its multiple-jobholding rate from 2013 (+0.9 percentage point).

The U.S. multiple-jobholding rate has declined by 1.3 percentage points since peaking at 6.2 percent in 1995 and 1996. Forty-eight states and the District of Columbia had lower multiple-jobholding rates in 2014 than in 1996. The remaining two states had rates that were the same or only marginally higher over that 18-year span. The largest declines from 1996 to 2014 occurred in Arkansas (-3.5 percentage points), Hawaii (-3.4 points), Wisconsin and Wyoming (-3.2 points each), and Missouri (-3.1 points).

#### **Notes**

- 1 Data for this report are derived from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a survey of about 60,000 households selected to represent the U.S. population age 16 years and older. The survey is conducted monthly by the Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Multiple jobholders are those people who report, in the reference week of the survey, that they are wage or salary workers who hold two or more jobs, self-employed workers who also hold a wage or salary job, or unpaid family workers who also hold a wage or salary job.
- 2 The South region is composed of the East South Central, South Atlantic, and West South Central divisions.

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